

Forest Bird Quiz: Guess From a Picture

1. These birds are popularly called coachbirds. They move easily along tree trunks in search of food,

sometimes even upside down.
O wagtail
O bullfinch
O nuthatch
2. This is the most famous singer among the bird tribe. One of Andersen's famous fairy tales is dedicated to him.
O nightingale
O canary
O thrush
3. These forest birds are equally colored at any age, and there is no difference between the coloration of females and males.
O warbler
O tit
O bunting
4. This bird got its name for the rich red color of its tail and abdomen.
O finch
O birdcrake
O finch
5. This large bird inhabits coniferous, mixed and deciduous forests of Eurasia. The size of the male reaches
more than 110 cm with a wingspan of 1.4 m.
O wood grouse
O pheasant
O grouse
6. These birds migrate from our forests in winter to North Africa, Asia, southern China, and India. They trave
alone, not in large flocks like many other migratory birds.

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O finch
O Bluethroat
O birdcrake
7. This bird leads a sedentary life. To find food, they chisel hollows in the trunks of trees, in which other birds subsequently nest. O owl
O woodpecker
O kite
8. These birds live in pairs. They choose a partner in the first year of life, and their chicks do not appear until a year later.
O crow
O magpie
O rook
9. The wide nose of these forest birds is designed to crush seeds and bones. They use it to easily reach the edible contents.O chaffinch
O bunting
O oakleys
10. This songbird is the smallest forest bird living in the forests of Europe. It is the national bird of Luxembourg
O kingfisher
О јау
O nutcracker
11. These birds can make a sound similar to the meow of a frightened cat.
O starling
O oriole
O magpie
12. These forest birds keep in large flocks. In summer they feed on insects, which they can catch on the fly,

berries and young shoots of plants. In winter they also feed on various berries and fruits. In cities at this time,

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they can be found on rowan trees.
O wagtail
O hoopoe
O woodpecker
13. This is a migratory bird with a predominantly nocturnal lifestyle. You can hear it only during the breeding season, otherwise it is silent.
O grouse
O magpie
O woodcock
14. This bird of prey prefers to settle in forests alternating glades and meadows. It hunts from behind an ambush in an elevated position or by soaring over open space. O eagle owl
O buzzard
O kite
15. The 19th century Brockhaus and Efron Encyclopedic Dictionary mentions this bird as a robin.
O nightingale
O chaffinch
O robin
16. This bird, because of its ability to imitate various sounds and human speech, belongs to the so-called mockingbirds. O seagull
O puffin
Ојау
17. This bird predominantly eats buds, seeds and berries, as well as insects. It chooses the seeds from the berries, leaving the pulp intact.
O tit
O bullfinch
O sparrow

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and can also be found on city streets.
O woodcock
O tit
O swallow
19. This bird is famous for not incubating its own chicks. It lays its eggs in the nest of other birds.
O cuckoo
O woodpecker
O oriole
20. Unlike the black adult males, the young birds and females of this species are brown in color.
O blackbird
O common eider
O magpie



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Right answers

1. These birds are popularly called coachbirds. They move easily along tree trunks in search of food, sometimes even upside down.

nuthatch

2. This is the most famous singer among the bird tribe. One of Andersen's famous fairy tales is dedicated to him.

nightingale

3. These forest birds are equally colored at any age, and there is no difference between the coloration of females and males.

warbler

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birdcrake

5. This large bird inhabits coniferous, mixed and deciduous forests of Eurasia. The size of the male reaches more than 110 cm with a wingspan of 1.4 m.

wood grouse

6. These birds migrate from our forests in winter to North Africa, Asia, southern China, and India. They travel alone, not in large flocks like many other migratory birds.

Bluethroat

7. This bird leads a sedentary life. To find food, they chisel hollows in the trunks of trees, in which other birds subsequently nest.

woodpecker

8. These birds live in pairs. They choose a partner in the first year of life, and their chicks do not appear until a year later.

magpie

9. The wide nose of these forest birds is designed to crush seeds and bones. They use it to easily reach the edible contents.

oakleys

10. This songbird is the smallest forest bird living in the forests of Europe. It is the national bird of Luxembourg.

kingfisher

- 11. These birds can make a sound similar to the meow of a frightened cat. oriole
- 12. These forest birds keep in large flocks. In summer they feed on insects, which they can catch on the fly, berries and young shoots of plants. In winter they also feed on various berries and fruits. In cities at this time, they can be found on rowan trees.

woodpecker





13. This is a migratory bird with a predominantly nocturnal lifestyle. You can hear it only during the breeding season, otherwise it is silent.

woodcock

14. This bird of prey prefers to settle in forests alternating glades and meadows. It hunts from behind an ambush in an elevated position or by soaring over open space.

buzzard

- 15. The 19th century Brockhaus and Efron Encyclopedic Dictionary mentions this bird as a robin.
- 16. This bird, because of its ability to imitate various sounds and human speech, belongs to the so-called mockingbirds.

jay

17. This bird predominantly eats buds, seeds and berries, as well as insects. It chooses the seeds from the berries, leaving the pulp intact.

bullfinch

18. This bird migrates from its habitat only during very harsh winters. It is widespread in the forests of Russia, and can also be found on city streets.

tit

- 19. This bird is famous for not incubating its own chicks. It lays its eggs in the nest of other birds. cuckoo
- 20. Unlike the black adult males, the young birds and females of this species are brown in color. blackbird